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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/695,756	10/24/2000	Thomas W. Voshell	500080.02	2589
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Kimton N Eng Esq			EXAMINER	
	eue Sutie 3400		LIN, SAMUEL K	
Seattle, WA 98101-4010			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2133	.5
			DATE MAILED: 01/16/2002	\bigcirc

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/695,756

Applicant(s)

Voshell

Examiner

Samuel Lin

Art Unit **2133**



The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address
Period for Reply	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	S SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM
- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.	ation.
 If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, be considered timely. 	
communication.	eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this
 Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the rearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	tatute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any
Status 1) ☑ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>Jan 2</u>	9, 2001
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This	action is non-final.
3) Since this application is in condition for allowand closed in accordance with the practice under	ce except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is Ex parte Quayl∕835 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims	
4) 🛛 Claim(s) <u>41-67</u>	is/are pending in the applica
4a) Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from considera
5) X Claim(s) <u>49-53</u>	is/are allowed.
6) X Claim(s) 41-43, 45-48, and 54-64	is/are rejected.
7) 🛛 Claim(s) <u>44 and 65-67</u>	is/are objected to.
8) Claims	are subject to restriction and/or election requirem
Application Papers	
9) \square The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on	is/are objected to by the Examiner.
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a☐ approved b)☐disapproved.
12) \square The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exar	miner.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	
13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some* c) ☐None of:	
 Certified copies of the priority documents have 	ave been received.
• • • •	ave been received in Application No
 Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bur *See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the strength 	
14) \square Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domest	ic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).
Attachment(s)	
5) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	18) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).
6) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	19) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
7) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	20) Other:

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office Action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claim 41 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) as being anticipated by Tsukakoshi (U.S. Patent # 5,363,382). Tsukakoshi teaches memory fault analysis (access/test) by performing substitute address allocation (mapping) and compression [column 2, lines 35-50] as claimed.

Claim 45 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) as being anticipated by Tsukakoshi.

The reasons are the same as stated for claim 41 above.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness

rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior

art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was

made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall

not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 42 and 43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tsukakoshi as

applied to claim 41 above. The reasons are the same as for claim 1 above. In addition, Tsukakoshi does not

specifically show the decompressing of addresses for comparison. However, it would have been obvious to

a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to decompress addresses for

comparison. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to decompress any previously

compressed data in order to convert the data back to usable form. One of ordinary skill in the art would

also have been motivated to determine (by comparison) when failed memory locations are accessed in

order to substitute redundant memory.

Claims 46 and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tsukakoshi as

applied to claim 45 above. The reasons are the same as stated for claim 42 (and 45) above.

Claim 48 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tsukakoshi as applied to

claim 45 above. The reasons are the same as stated for claim 43 (and 45, 47) above.

Claim 54, 56, and 57 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tsukakoshi.

Tsukakoshi teaches the memory fault analysis (access/test) by performing substitute address allocation

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(mapping) and address compression (generating unique compressed address / codeword) [column 2, lines 35-50] as claimed. Tsukakoshi does not specifically show storage of defective memory cell addresses. However, this would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to store the addresses of any defective memory cells found by fault analysis in order to continue performing data substitutions for any subsequent data to be read/written to defective memory cells.

Claims 55 and 58 are rejected over Tsukakoshi as applied to claim 54 above and further in view of Hoang et al. (U.S. Patent # 5,881,221). Tsukakoshi does not specifically teach temporary storage of defective memory cell addresses during power-up. However, Hoang et al. teaches power-on self testing of a computer system including memory cell [column 1]. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to test for defective memory cells during power-on and to store the detected addresses during continuing (temporary) powered operation. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to perform testing and initialize an error corrected state to assure the reliable and correct operation of the computer.

Claims 59, 62, and 63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tsukakoshi. The reasons are the same as stated for claims 54, 56, and 57 above.

Claim 60 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tsukakoshi as applied to claim 59 above. Tsukakoshi further teaches a second fault analysis memory FAM [Figure 7].

Claim 61 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tsukakoshi as applied to claim 59 above, and further in view of Hoang et al. The reasons are the same as stated for claims 55 and 58

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above. Tsukakoshi teaches testing upon power-up (all memory locations) before operation of a computer

(including first memory access).

Claim 64 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tsukakoshi. The reasons

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are the same as stated for claims 59 and 60 above.

Claim Objections

Claims 44, 65, 66, and 67 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but

would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim

and any intervening claims.

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Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 49 - 53 are allowable over the prior art.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

The present invention pertains to a method and apparatus for accessing data storage cells by identifying and replacing defective memory cells using compressed/decompressed addresses. The prior art teaches defective memory replacement. For example, Tsukakoshi teach the compression of addresses of defective

memory cells to be replaced during testing.

However, the prior arttaken alone or in combination fail to teach the novel features claimed in

independent claims 49:

generating a first hash code from requested address

comparing first hash code to hash codes for decompressed addresses stored in a temporary memory array

when a match is found, determining if an address stored in temporary memory array corresponds to the requested address

accessing a spare memory array when an address stored in temporary memory array corresponds to the requested address.

Therefore, claim 49 and its dependent claims 50 - 53 are allowable over the prior art.

Note: Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the

payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee.

Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

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Any response to this action should be mailed to:

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or faxed to:

(703) 746-7238 (for AFTER-FINAL communications)

or:

(703) 746-7239 (for OFFICIAL communications intended for entry)

or:

(703) 746-7240 (for NON-OFFICIAL or draft communications, please label "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT")

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to:

Sixth Floor (Receptionist) Crystal Park II 2121 Crystal Drive Arlington, VA

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Samuel Lin at (703) 305-9777 or Samuel Lin@USPTO.gov. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 9:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Albert DeCady, can be reached at (703) 305-9595.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 306-5631.

Samuel Lin Patent Examiner Art Unit 2133

Samuel Lin

January 9, 2002